## Deira Private School Reading Action Plan 2023-2024



#### Aims of Reading Action Plan

- To develop a love of reading
- To provide daily opportunities for reading
- To develop reading strategies and skills to ensure fluency, accuracy, understanding and response to different texts
- To develop higher order reading skills including inference, interpretation and integration of information
- To provide pupils with the opportunity to understand, use and reflect on written texts
- To read and enjoy a variety of texts from a variety of sources, including the classroom, through technology and from the School libraries
- To create a strong, embedded reading culture within classrooms and the wider school environment
- To deliver a structured and consistent whole school approach to reading
- To rigorously monitor and assess pupil's progress in reading and identify those who require extra support and intervene at an early stage
- To ensure all ELL pupils are fully supported and make equal levels of progress as native English and Arabic speakers

• To be a world leader in the Progress in International Reading Study (PIRLS).

Leader: Literacy coordinator SLT In charge: Ashmee Lamba

- 1. Continue inspiring a habit of reading widely and often, through the provision of a meaningful reading curriculum by measuring the impact of our high quality, engaging Phonics curriculum and fostering a love of reading for pleasure across all Key Stages.
- 2. Achieve or surpass the average score of all private schools in Dubai in the next PIRLS.
- 3. Achieve or surpass the average score of all private schools following the UK curriculum in Dubai in the next PIRLS.
- 4. Support males to perform at the same level as females in the next PIRLS
- 5. Support Emirati students to perform at the same level as non-Emirati students in the next PIRLS
- 6. Improve students' reading purposes
- 7. Improve students' reading thinking skills and provide the right content
- 8. Improve students' range of high tire vocabulary to boost their reading and writing ability
- 9. Each teacher to reach the individual targets for every student for all national agenda parameters (NGRT C 23-24, PT 23-24) and internal assessment

| 1. | To ensure the delivery of high quality teaching of phonics. | Autumn term Staff meeting  Share expectations of teaching and learning of English (Reading, Writing, Phonics, SPAG, Learning environment)  Share and update staff of 'Next Steps' | Staff meeting<br>time Cover for<br>MLT for drop in<br>observations of<br>the teaching of<br>phonics (Covered | Regularly | Teachers will have a clear understanding of expectations Support staff/teachers will have a clear focus to strengthen their teaching of English | Autumn term<br>Lesson observations<br>of Phonics- EYFS/<br>KS1 (October 2023)<br>Collation of staff<br>voice | We started with Phonics Streaming making sure that right kind of support can be given. |
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|   | Summer term Summer 1 department Meeting:  Create staff voice to determine confidence levels around the teaching of phonics, using a range strategies and resources Collect staff voice – Summer 1 Summer 2 Department Meeting: Evidence collected of Phonics outcomes across year groups/ sets Collect planning to show a range of teaching strategies/resources (linked back to Autumn Term staff meeting)  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2. To foster a love of reading for pleasure across all Key Stages | Autumn Term Staff Meeting:  Share expectations of DEAR time (4 x week)- To be visible on class timetables  Share expectations of reading area  Share interactive recommended read poster for each class  Reminder to staff of the expectations linked to setting home learning Embedding practise throughout the school will promote a continued love of reading all staff will be aware of the expectations Staff meeting time Reading Certificates area monitoring against expectations.  Environment monitoring Student voice – choice of texts 5 Share 'Reading Mornings' with staff and parents - (Dates TBC dependent on government guidance) and added to school planner/shared via Autumn 1 school calendar. | Reading Evidence Collection Folder  Classroom and School Environment  Reading Areas and Walls around School  Continuous Feedback from Teachers  Comprehensive Feedback Evidence in Mid- Term Reports | To celebrate days like World Book Day. Have a week long book fair at school Introducing Innovative approaches across school like-  1. DEAR 2. BUDDY READING TIME 3. Parent Reading Program 4. Emirates Lit. Fest | Embedding practise throughout the school promoted a continued love of reading  All staff became aware of the expectations Linked to setting home learning. Children were able to articulate how their class reading areas are and how it is used (across all key stages at an age appropriate level). Children became aware of the |

|   | Faculty Meeting:  □ Environment check (word wall, grammar wall, learning wall, grammar progression pyramid, class reading areas)  □ Environment check of tidy communal reading areas Spring Term Introduces Class Dojo Points to encourage reading at home.  Share with staff, then staff share with children during class assembly.  Reading using the A to Z app used to collate the class with the 'most reads' each week.  Winning class to have their class story time with the Principal.  Spring Faculty meeting  □ Monitor the use of A to Z using 1:1 reading expectations |  |           |   | importance of reading and will feel encouraged and motivated to read for pleasure Student voice showed that children are excited about reading at home and school |
|---|---|--|-----------|---|---|
| 3. Evaluating Data to identify gaps and personalise provision (English – Arabic - French) | To measure student progress to improve overall learning with Reading A-Z's levelled books.  A record is maintained to assess the starting point of students' reading levels. The document is updated at the beginning of each term to evaluate data and identify gaps and provide personalise program.  | Internal Reading Assessments Raz-Plus (Englsh) 3asafeer ( Arabic) Linguascope (French) | Regularly | To regularly assign books on Reading A-Z. To encourage reading through the DEAR program. To motivate children to read through Newsletters – 20 minute reading with parents.  1:1 Reading interventions. | Whole School showed progress in reading from Term 1 to Term2.  Children became keener to read.  |

| 4. | Accountability<br>for outcomes<br>in reading | Teachers are encouraging the students by establishing the right learning environment.  Students are given reading tasks and know their reading levels.  They are encouraged to access the next level by reading books and completing the quizzes online.  Follow the school wide programme of observations organised by HOD and supported by literacy coordinator and SLT.  Focus on constructive feedback.  Members of the department are given time to observe across the department. | Use Reading A-Z Rubrics for consistent scoring and awarding stars to students to encourage engagement. Teacher Accountability Encouraging students Providing regular feedback Parent communication. | Weekly | Increase the frequency of assessments.  More regular follow ups. Data analysis of and discussions about progress take place more frequently.  Provide targeted support to the students of concern. | Teacher feedback after the book is assigned according to the genre taught in class. | Teachers were able to identify the reading gaps and more innovative approaches to enhance whole school reading could be implemented. |
|----|--|---|---|--------|--|---|--|
| 5. | Curriculum<br>review of<br>reading.          | Reading is the foundation of all other learning. Termly Curriculum Review to establish clear understanding of data (Internal and External) And working closely with targeted groups. See Intervention Section( 3.1)  Modifying strategies after identifying Gaps and working towards it to minimise it.   | Minutes of the Meeting  Co- Relation Document (Good Read)   | Termly | To modify curriculum as per the needs of the students looking at the whole school reading data.  |   |  |

| 6 | . Creating a<br>Reading Culture<br>at school                        | At DePS reading is championed, valued, respected and encouraged.  To create curiosity sparks in the school's Learning environment.  Magical Library Setup focusing on Areas like-Arabic Reading Area Boys Reading Area Students Achievements depicted all around to enhance interest for reading in students and motivate them.  | School and Class<br>Learning<br>Environment.<br>Library Books<br>Issue Logs | On- Going | To promote reading culture at school. | Students showed more interest in reading and felt motivated. |
|---|---|--|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 7 | . Identification of<br>Students - ELL,<br>target group<br>children. | Reading Assessment is conducted 6 Weekly. Using the data, the targeted group is identified. Teachers Work closely with the Gifted and Talented, ELL, and SEND department to support the individual needs of the students.  Individualised plan for the identified students is created. Interaction with parents to share clear ideas in regards to children's attainment and progress. |   |           |                                       |  |

| 8. Increased opportunities for reading for ELL & target group children (English and Arabic)   | Targeted strategies for specific groups of students to ensure their progress, particularly when students are learning through English as an additional language.  Word Walls  Labelling school/ classroom objects.  Buddy support in the classrooms.  |  |  |   |  |   |
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| 9Achieve or surpass the average score of all private schools in Dubai in the next PIRLSAchieve or surpass the average score of all private schools following the UK curriculum in Dubai in the next PIRLSSupport males to perform at the same level as females in the next PIRLS -Support Emirati students to perform at the same level as non-Emirati students in the next PIRLS | Implement Reading PBLs to enhance critical thinking and comprehension skills.  Utilize Rising Readers for low-achieving readers using physical books of ORT.  Implement Shining Readers for high-achieving readers with interventions like role play, courtrooms, crime scenes, and ORT high-level books.  Use bilingual dictionaries to support all language speakers.  Involve English teachers in implementing reading strategies.  Implement EIPPs and involve parents for Emirati students.  Dedicate leaders for Emirati students' support. | <ul> <li>Diagnostic assessment tools.</li> <li>Intervention materials and resources.</li> <li>PIRLS-style practice tests.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Conduct         diagnostic         assessment         within the first         month.</li> <li>Implement         interventions         throughout the         semester.</li> <li>Conduct         practice tests         periodically         leading up to         the PIRLS         assessment.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>80% of students demonstrate improvement in identified weak areas.</li> <li>Achieve a PIRLS score equal to or higher than the average of all private schools in Dubai.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Regular         assessment of         individual         progress.</li> <li>Review of         practice test         results.</li> </ul> | Improved overall reading performance among students.  • |

| 10. Improve students' reading purposes.                                      | Conduct assessments to identify individual reading purposes.  Integrate purposeful reading activities into the curriculum.  Evidence/Resources: Purpose assessment tools, curriculum modifications.  Time Frame: Throughout the academic year.  Success Criteria: Increased clarity and understanding of reading purposes among students.  Monitoring and Evaluation: Regular assessments, student feedback, and classroom observations.  Impact: Enhanced reading engagement and comprehension.   | <ul> <li>Purpose assessment tools.</li> <li>Curriculum modifications for purposeful reading.</li> <li>Individualized reading goals.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Conduct         assessments         within the first         month.</li> <li>Integrate         purposeful         activities         throughout the         semester.</li> <li>Establish         individual         reading goals         continuously.</li> </ul>         | Increased clarity and understanding of reading purposes among students. | <ul> <li>Regular<br/>assessments of<br/>individual<br/>progress.</li> <li>Review of<br/>personalized<br/>reading goals.</li> </ul>   | Enhanced reading engagement and comprehension.            |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| 11. Improve students' reading thinking skills and provide the right content. | Integrate critical thinking activities into Reading PBLs.  Utilize Rising Readers and Shining Readers to enhance thinking skills.  Evaluate and update reading materials for relevance.  Provide differentiated content based on students' interests and reading levels.  Use bilingual dictionaries to support all language speakers.  Identify SOD and ELL students for targeted interventions.  Engage English teachers in strategies to improve thinking skills.  Implement EIPPs and involve parents for Emirati students.  Dedicate leaders for Emirati students' support. | <ul> <li>Critical thinking resources.</li> <li>Updated reading materials.</li> <li>Differentiated content based on student profiles.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Integrate         critical thinking         activities         throughout the         academic year.</li> <li>Update         materials within         the first         semester.</li> <li>Provide         differentiated         content         continuously.</li> </ul> | enhanced critical thinking skills demonstrated in reading activities.   | <ul> <li>Classroom         observations of         critical thinking         integration.</li> <li>Student         performance         assessments on         differentiated         content.</li> </ul> | Improved     analytical and     comprehension     skills. |

| 12. Improve vocabulary. | <ul> <li>Implement daily vocabulary-building exercises within Reading PBLs.</li> <li>Integrate enriched vocabulary in Rising Readers and Shining Readers.</li> <li>Foster a culture of using new words in discussions and assignments.</li> <li>Utilize bilingual dictionaries to support all language speakers.</li> <li>Identify SOD and ELL students for targeted interventions.</li> <li>Engage English teachers in vocabulary-building strategies.</li> <li>Implement EIPPs and involve parents for Emirati</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Vocabulary exercises.</li> <li>Enriched reading materials.</li> <li>Records of word usage in discussions and assignments.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Implement         exercises         throughout the         academic year.</li> <li>Integrate         enriched         materials within         the first         semester.</li> <li>Foster a culture         continuously.</li> </ul> | • Increased depth and breadth of vocabulary among students. | <ul> <li>Vocabulary assessments.</li> <li>Review of word usage records.</li> </ul> | Vocabulary assessments.     Review of word usage records. |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|
|                         | students.  • Dedicate leaders for Emirati students' support.  |   |  |   |  |   |





## **NGRT** Intervention Plan

(In development Sample)

#### Year 5A (NGRT A) Data Report Analysis

#### **NGRT A**

All Students: 23

Male: 15 Female:8 Emirati: 1 ELL: 2 SOD: 2

- The mean standard age score for this group is significantly higher than the national average.
- The spread of standard age scores for this group is significantly higher than the standardisation average.
- The mean standard age score for males is not significantly different from that of the females.

# Students with stanine 4 and below Names of students and implications for teaching and learning as per DSIB 3.1 and PS 1 (1.3)

**Morvarid** 

Yousef

**Daniel** 

**Milhan** 

**Taissiya** 

Click on the name to view the individual report and the implications for teaching and learning

## **Reading Support Pathway**

| Reader's profile and student story   | <b>Key questions and next steps</b>   | Names of students |
|--|---|-------------------|
| Reader profile A (SC 1/ PC-)  Profile description: NGRT reveals potential phonics gaps   | <ul> <li>Key questions</li> <li>What evidence is there to support your judgements about Anna's needs?</li> <li>Has she missed schooling?</li> <li>Do you have a detailed picture of her phonological awareness?</li> <li>Could she have a specific learning difficulty?</li> <li>Next steps</li> <li>You need:</li> </ul>   |                   |
| Student story: This is Anna, she needs to secure her phonic knowledge. Her performance in the sentence completion section of the assessment meant it was more appropriate for her to complete the phonics section of the NGRT. | <ul> <li>□ to understand her receptive         <ul> <li>language and phonological knowledge</li> <li>□ Is there a difference between her reading and cognitive abilities that may suggest indications of dyslexia?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Anna may need:         <ul> <li>□ A high-quality phonics programme</li> <li>□ One to one reading support</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |                   |



## Reader profile B (SC and PC 1-3)



## Profile description:

Word reading and comprehension below age expectation

## Student's story:

This is Dhanesh, he has scored in the below average stanines for PC and SC.

He has an even profile – SC and PC stanines are aligned.

## **Key questions**

- o What is his reading fluency like?
- Does he understand all he reads?
- Does he need an extension of tier 2 and 3 vocabulary?
- o How often does Dhanesh read aloud to an adult?
- Is this low score about lack of practice or another need, such as a specific learning difficulty?
- o Is he reading age-appropriate material?

#### Next steps

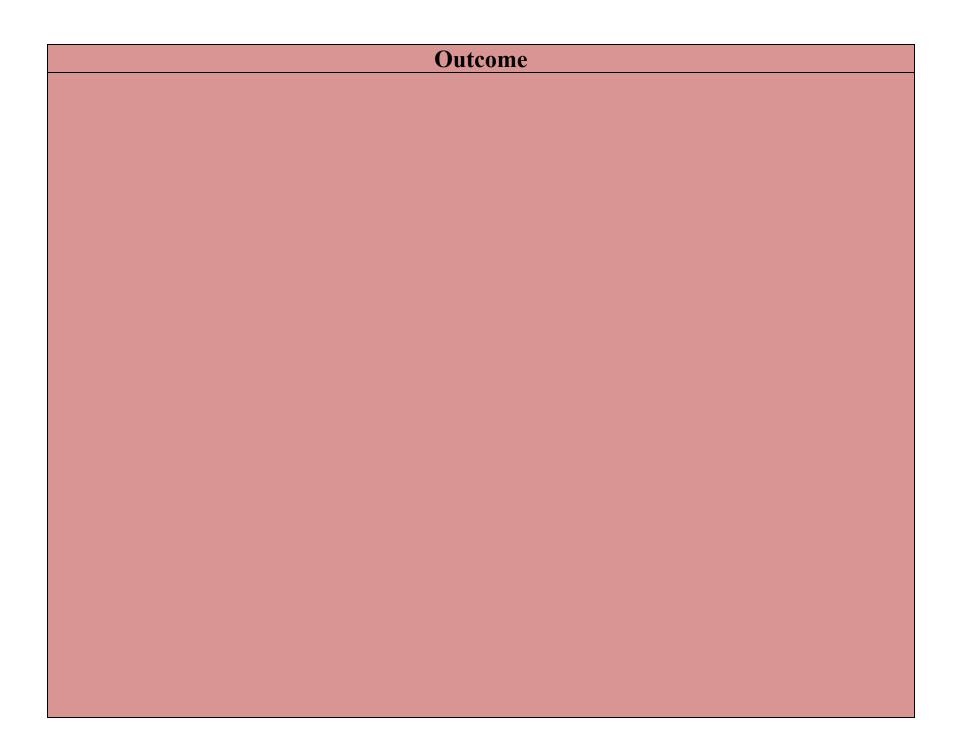
#### You need:

- ☐ To listen to him read to observe his reading **fluency** and use of **decoding** strategies
- ☐ You need to understand his level of **comprehension**
- ☐ Gain insight into his **well being**
- ☐ Is there a difference between his reading and **cognitive abilities** that may suggest **indications of dyslexia**?

#### Dhanesh may need:

- ☐ A small group/one to one
- ☐ reading support intervention
- ☐ Regular opportunities to read

- Yousef
- Daniel
- Morvarid



## Reader profile C (SC 1-3 / PC 4)



## Profile description:

Reading is limited by poor vocabulary, syntax and grammar knowledge

## **Student story:**

This is Michel, he is just within age related expectations for his reading comprehension, scoring a stanine 4 for his Passage Comprehension. But his knowledge of vocabulary, syntax and grammar is sitting below age related expectations within stanines 1-3

## **Key questions**

- What is his reading fluency like?
- o How can you extend his vocabulary knowledge?
- Does he need support in subject-specific vocabulary?
- How often does Michel read age-appropriate texts?
- o Can Michel spot patterns in language?
- o What is his spelling like?
- Are there any signs of a specific learning difficulty?

### **Next steps**

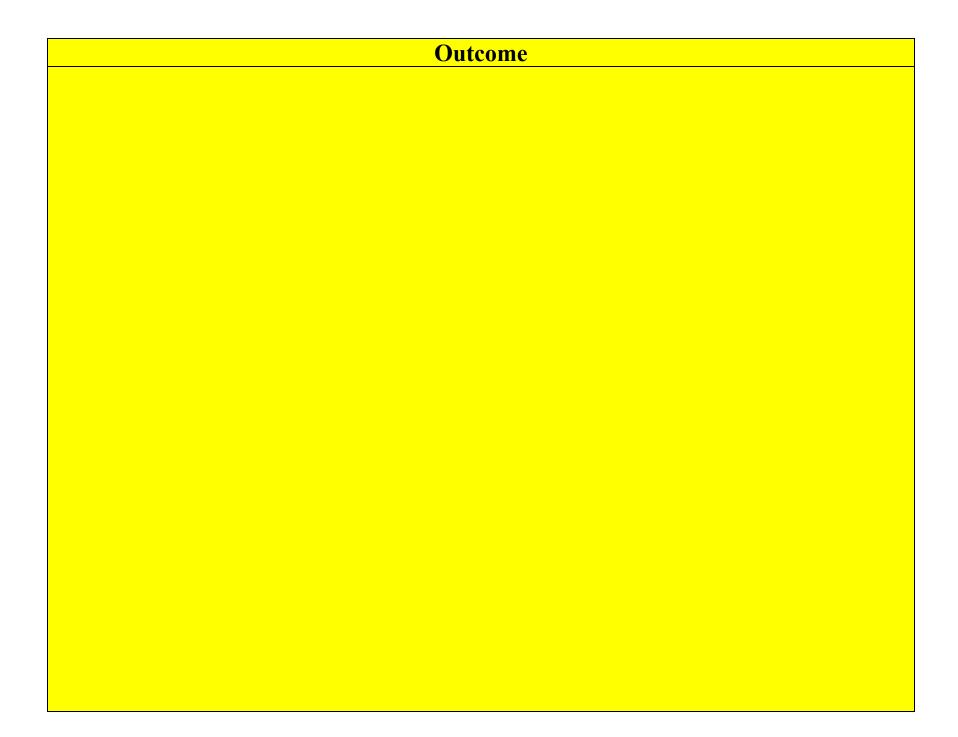
#### You need:

- ☐ To understand his **receptive language**
- ☐ To investigate wider literacy skills including **vocabulary** and **spelling**
- ☐ Understand his cognitive ability
- ☐ To work with colleagues so that support is aligned and further investigation is considered -

#### Michel may need:

- ☐ A **vocabulary** intervention
- ☐ Regular opportunities to read

- Milhan
- Taissiya



## Reader profile D (PC 1-3 / SC 4+)



## Profile description:

Reading is limited by poor comprehension and / or fluency

## Student story:

This is Charlotte. She is able to read with accuracy but is not always able to demonstrate her understanding of the text, often needing extra time to think about her answers to questions. She struggles to read longer texts and then explain what she thinks in timed conditions.

## **Key questions**

- O Does Charlotte read often?
- o Has anyone listened to her read?
- Is her cognitive load being taken up decoding a text, leaving little time to understand it?
- o What is her cultural capital like?

### **Next steps**

#### You need

- ☐ To explore Charlotte's capacity for **comprehension**
- ☐ To listen to her read aloud so you can observe her **reading**speed and fluency
- ☐ Gain insight into her **processing speed**

## **Charlotte may need:**

☐ To be supported through **reading comprehension** intervention



# Reader profile E (SC 1-4 / PC 6+)



## Profile description:

Reading at expected level but skill limited by weaker vocabulary

## Student story:

This is Kaia. The difference between her word reading (SC) and comprehension (PC) suggests she has a 'spikey profile' (a discrepancy of more than 2 stanines). This discrepancy may be affecting her ability to understand and use language to her full potential.

## **Key questions**

- o Does Kaia engage in discussion in lessons?
- o How can she be supported in making links between words i.e. understanding synonyms, antonyms, roots, etymology?
- o Do you have concerns about decoding?
- Do you have concerns specific learning difficulties?

#### **Next steps**

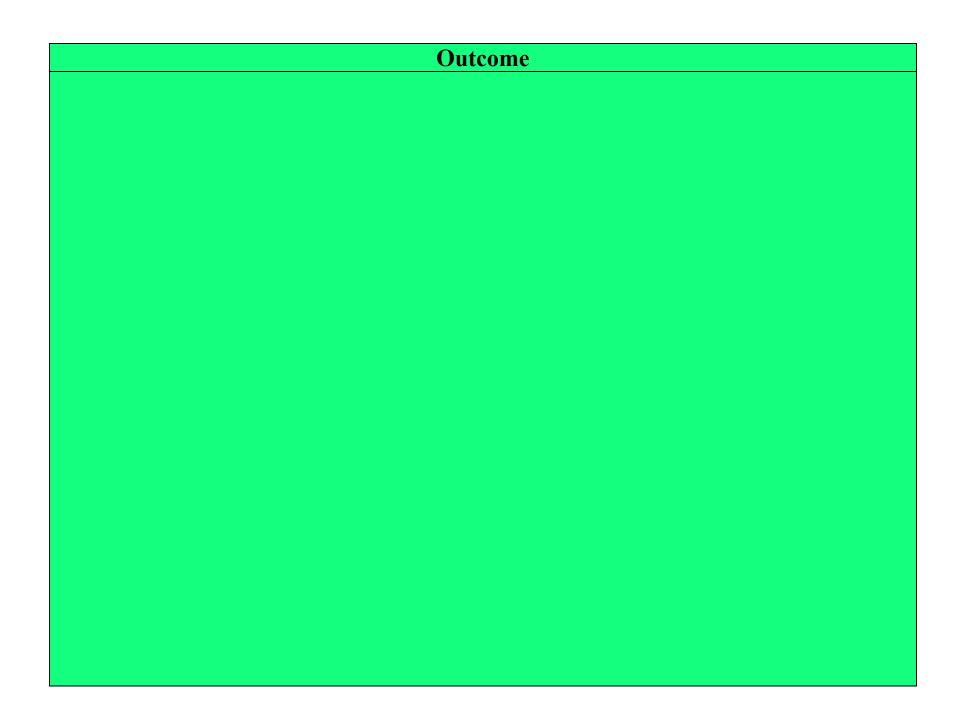
#### You need:

- ☐ To understand her level of **vocabulary** awareness
- ☐ Explore her literacy skills versus her cognitiveabilities
- ☐ To work with colleagues so that support is aligned, and further investigation is considered

## Kaia may need:

- ☐ Vocabulary support this could be through high quality teaching rather than an intervention
- ☐ All of her teachers should be aware of how to expose Kaia to high-quality Tier 2 and 3 vocabulary.

- Sheikha
- Rayan
- Eyad



## Reader profile F (SC 6+ PC 4)



## Profile description:

Reading at or above expected level but skill limited by weaker comprehension

## Student story:

This is Anisha. She has a 'spikey profile'. She has a good level of vocabulary but struggles to show understanding when she reads and can have difficulties communicating effectively.

## **Key questions**

- How can you use reading stimulus to support Anisha's speech and language needs?
- O How can teachers engage her into conversations about texts?
- o Is Anisha able to read fluently?

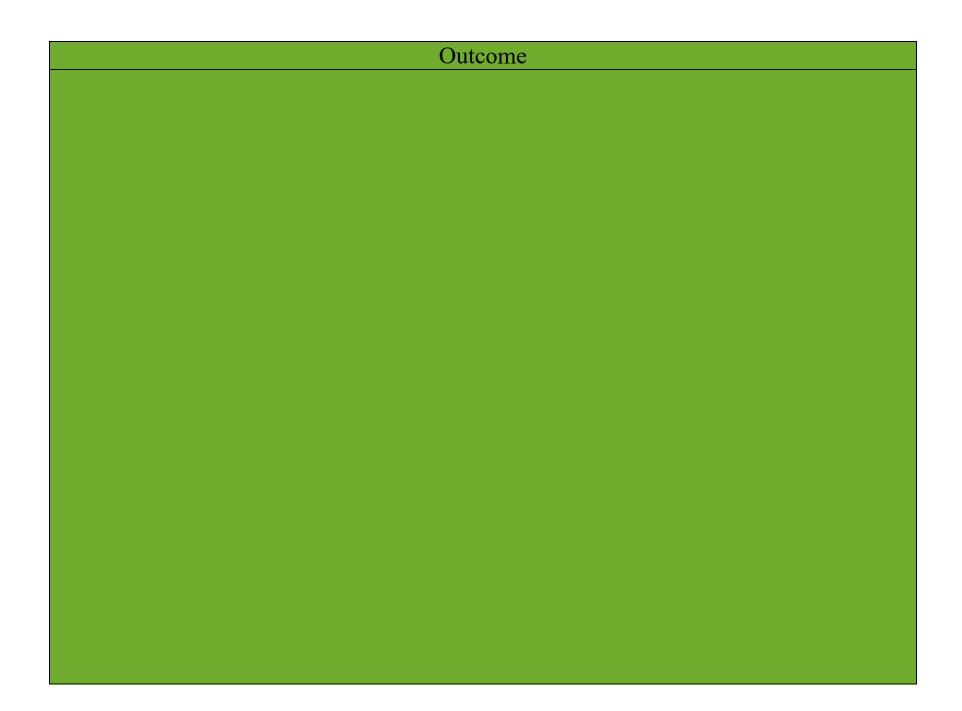
### **Next steps**

#### You need:

- ☐ To understand her level of **reading comprehension**
- ☐ Explore her **expressive language**

### Anisha may need:

- Questioning is key to support development
- ☐ Strategies to support a deeper understanding of texts will help Anisha begin to feel confident in formulating her own ideas



## Reader profile G (SC 4 or 5 / PC 4 or 5)



## Profile description:

Reading within the expected range. Balanced profile

## Student story:

This is Rhian. She has an even profile (SC and PC stanines are aligned). She used to love reading at primary school, but now only reads in school when instructed to do so.

Although she is currently reading where she should be for her age, she is at risk of being 'invisible yet struggling' as she cannot always keep up with what she needs to read in lessons. Without regular practice she could fall behind with her reading.

## **Key questions**

- o What does Rhian like to read?
- o Has anyone listened to her read?
- How can you ensure she engages with a wide choice of age-appropriate texts at school and home?
- How can text choice and discussion extend her cultural capital?

## **Next steps**

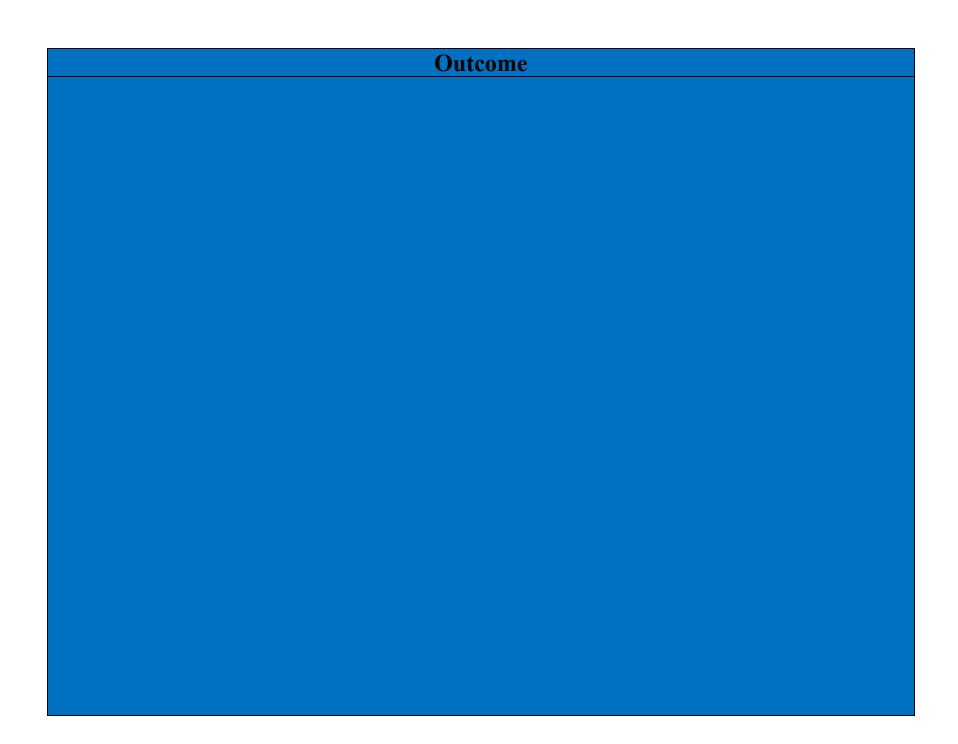
#### You need:

- ☐ Understand her **decoding** and **reading comprehension** skills
- ☐ To support and monitor Rhian's progress in reading so that she remains at age-related expectations
- ☐ To engage her in a positive reading culture
- ☐ To gain insight into her well being

#### Rhian may need:

- ☐ Support to understand and use more adventurous **vocabulary**
- ☐ An intense intervention which allows her to practice key reading skills.

- Hamdan
- Sukhveer



Reader profile H
SC and PC 5+ but with a discrepancy of 2+ stanines with higher PC

## Profile description:

Reading at or above the expected range but skill limited by vocabulary range Student story:

This is Muhammed. He is a good reader but the difference between his word reading (SC) and comprehension (PC) suggests he has a 'spikey profile' (a discrepancy of more than 2 stanines).

His reading is limited by significantly weaker vocabulary and syntax knowledge compared to his comprehension. He reads to learn but does not read for pleasure.

His overall performance may be limited by his 'spikey' profile.

#### **Key questions**

- Are teachers aware of Muhammed's nuance of needs?
- How can you ensure he understands the value in reading beyond the curriculum?
- Would explaining the impact across all his subjects support him to form stronger reading habits?
- o Can you work with him to find out what genre of text he might enjoy?
- Can you set him challenges in his more challenging stanine through AI?
- Is he supported through rich opportunities for conversation?

#### **Next steps**

#### You need:

- ☐ Understand his **receptive vocabulary**
- ☐ Make adaptations for his need in lessons so that he is 'stretched'
- ☐ To work with colleagues so that support is aligned, and further investigation is considered. Are there any **indications of dyslexia**?
- ☐ To gain insight into his **well being**

#### Asmina

| Muhammed may need:  |  |
|---|--|
| <ul> <li>□ To understand what value reading for pleasure holds</li> <li>□ Exposure to high quality texts and vocabulary bank</li> </ul> |  |
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Reader profile I
SC and PC 5+ but with a discrepancy of 2+ stanines with lower PC

## Profile description:

Reading at or above expected range but skill limited by comprehension

## **Student story:**

This is Finn. He is a good reader but the difference between his word reading (SC) and comprehension (PC) suggests he has a 'spikey profile' (a discrepancy of more than 2 stanines). His reading is limited by significantly weaker comprehension skills compared to his vocabulary and syntax knowledge.

## **Key questions**

- Are teachers aware of Finn's nuance of needs?
- How can you ensure he understands the value in reading beyond the curriculum?
- Would explaining the impact across all his subjects support him to make better choices?
- o Can you work with him to find out what genre of text he might enjoy?
- Does he engage in conversations about writer's viewpoints and text interpretation?

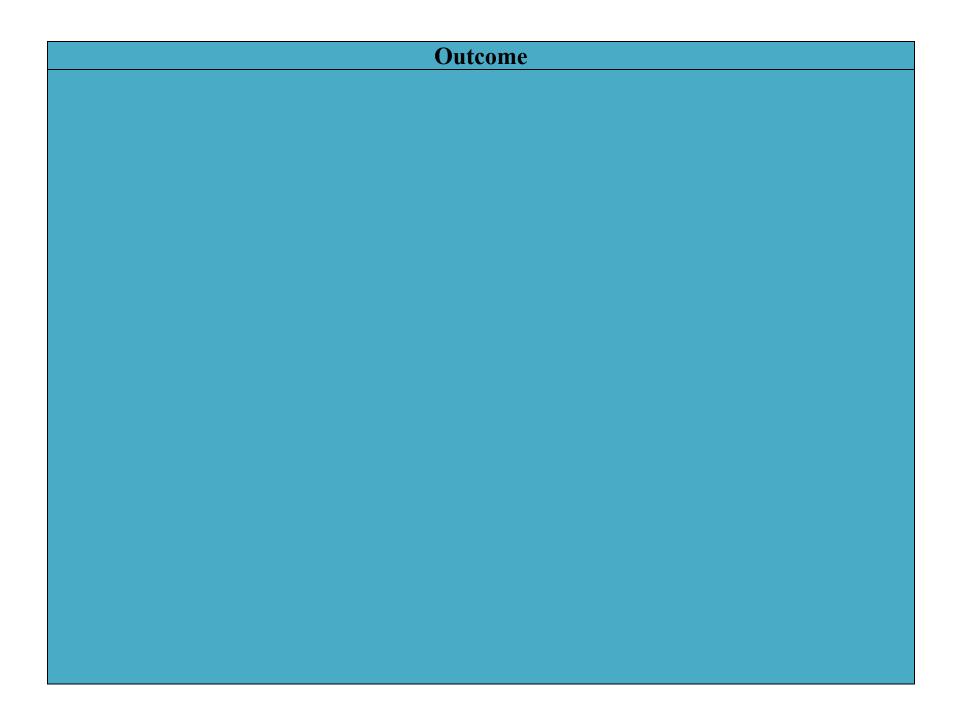
## **Next steps**

#### You need:

- ☐ Understand his **comprehension** skills fully
- ☐ Make adaptations for his need in lessons so that he is 'stretched'
- ☐ To gain insight into his **well being**

- Ahmed
- Myra

| Finn may need:   |  |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>□ To understand what value reading for pleasure holds</li> <li>□ Exposure to high quality texts</li> <li>□ To be confident to engage in challenging questions and discussions in class</li> </ul> |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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## Reader profile J SC/ PC 6+



## Profile description:

Reading at or above expectations. Balanced profile

## Student story:

This is Sam. He has a reading mindset. He is a skilled reader with an even profile (SC and PC stanines are aligned). He likes to read in his own time and will provide thoughtful interpretations of texts when questioned. Sam feels empowered by reading and so chooses to read more and more.

## **Key questions**

- How can you ensure that Sam continues to find challenge in what he reads?
- Does Sam choose books outside of his comfort zone or does he read the same kind of texts?
- Can you ensure that Sam is exposed to extended vocabulary that he can use in his speaking and writing?

### **Next steps**

#### You need:

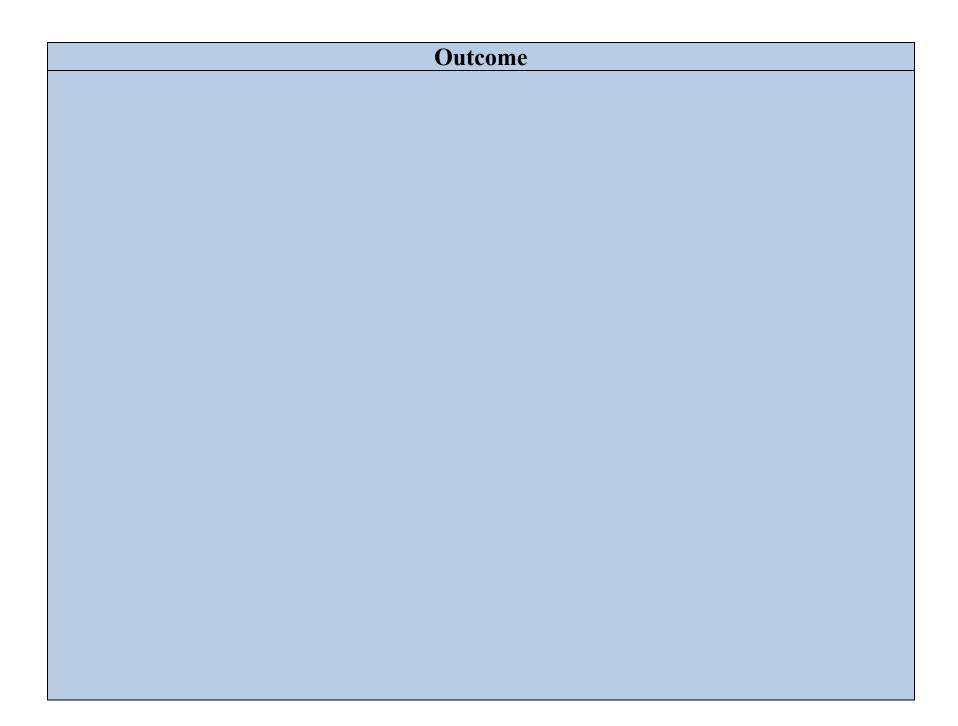
- ☐ Provide varied opportunities to stretch and challenge
- ☐ Provide opportunities for Sam to model reading practice to others within a positive reading culture
- ☐ Foster opportunities to feed his reading mindset

## Sam may need:

☐ Home learning opportunities to stretch and challenge.

- Aiden
- Mohamed Ali
- Inaya
- Mustafa
- Yassin
- Abdul
- Mohammed Rayan
- Judy
- Santiago

|  | ☐ Fun activities linked to a strong reading culture in school will support a lifelong love of reading |  |
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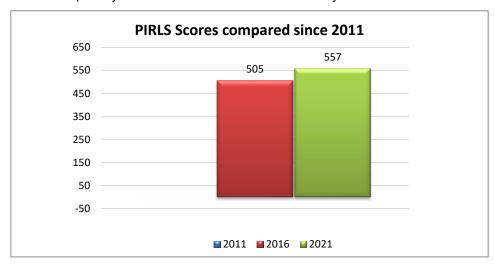
# Deira Private School Year Group Action Plan 2022-23 New Group Reading Test (NGRT)

| Problem<br>(Why?)   | PRIORITISE OBJECTIVES Intervention Description (What?)   | Implementation<br>Activities/Actions (How?)  | Time<br>Frame                             | Success Criteria   | Lead<br>(Who will<br>do?)            |
|---|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| Improve English Attainment in NGRT C and ensure the targets are achieved. | -To systematically evaluate NGRT A and NGRT B assessments data and its effective use in personalisation of Teaching and Learning strategies to maximise student's potential.  - To analyse the correlation between CAT4, GL Progress Test, NGRT and school internal assessments through triangulation which should lead to appropriate intervention.  - To share analysis and reports with all stakeholders. (Parents, Students, Governors) to bridge the gap by sending an email and for the students to improve.  - To support the students and to develop personalised strategies.  -Focused support and intervention to target students to raise their attainment. | 1. Target group of students based on NGRT A and NGRT B analysis to bridge the gaps.  2. Continue providing focused support and interventions to identified groups of students across all year levels and monitor their attainment and progress at regular interval.  3. Create intervention group called "Rising Readers" to provide focused support to target students based on NGRT data and reading levels.  4. Departmental and class teachers training in analysing the internal and external assessment results to identify the gaps.  5. Regular meeting with school leaders to share best practices and expertise to ensure all team awareness levels are secured. | Ongoing  NGRT C assessment date: 22nd May | <ul> <li>Majority of the students will achieve within the curriculum standards and make better than expected progress in NGRT C.</li> <li>Majority of the students will be able to derive and infer information independently and accurately from the text.  SUBJECT FOCUS </li> <li>Students will be able to identify how language (including figurative language), vocabulary choice, grammar, text structure and organisational features present meaning.</li> <li>Students will be able to retrieve information from the given text.</li> <li>Large majority of students interpret and integrate story events and character actions and traits from different parts of the text.</li> <li>Most Students will be able to read and comprehend a wide range of fictional and nonfictional texts to be deep and wide readers.</li> </ul> | HoDs Subject Teachers Class Teachers |



#### **Change Over Time PIRLS**

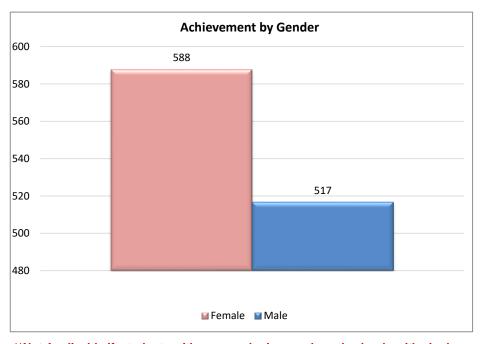
The chart below compares your students' scores in the last three cycles of PIRLS



## How does achievement at your school vary by gender?

This bar chart indicates the performance of female and male in your school

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#### The performance of Emirati students in your school

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## **NGRT** Intervention Plan

(In development Sample)

#### Year 5A (NGRT A) Data Report Analysis

#### **NGRT A**

All Students: 23

Male: 15 Female:8 Emirati: 1 ELL: 2 SOD: 2

- The mean standard age score for this group is significantly higher than the national average.
- The spread of standard age scores for this group is significantly higher than the standardisation average.
- The mean standard age score for males is not significantly different from that of the females.

# Students with stanine 4 and below Names of students and implications for teaching and learning as per DSIB 3.1 and PS 1 (1.3)

**Morvarid** 

Yousef

**Daniel** 

**Milhan** 

**Taissiya** 

Click on the name to view the individual report and the implications for teaching and learning

# **Reading Support Pathway**

| Reader's profile and student story   | <b>Key questions and next steps</b>   | Names of students |
|--|---|-------------------|
| Reader profile A (SC 1/ PC-)  Profile description: NGRT reveals potential phonics gaps   | <ul> <li>Key questions</li> <li>What evidence is there to support your judgements about Anna's needs?</li> <li>Has she missed schooling?</li> <li>Do you have a detailed picture of her phonological awareness?</li> <li>Could she have a specific learning difficulty?</li> <li>Next steps</li> <li>You need:</li> </ul>   |                   |
| Student story: This is Anna, she needs to secure her phonic knowledge. Her performance in the sentence completion section of the assessment meant it was more appropriate for her to complete the phonics section of the NGRT. | <ul> <li>□ to understand her receptive         <ul> <li>language and phonological knowledge</li> <li>□ Is there a difference between her reading and cognitive abilities that may suggest indications of dyslexia?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Anna may need:         <ul> <li>□ A high-quality phonics programme</li> <li>□ One to one reading support</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |                   |



# Reader profile B (SC and PC 1-3)



# Profile description:

Word reading and comprehension below age expectation

# Student's story:

This is Dhanesh, he has scored in the below average stanines for PC and SC.

He has an even profile – SC and PC stanines are aligned.

## **Key questions**

- o What is his reading fluency like?
- Does he understand all he reads?
- Does he need an extension of tier 2 and 3 vocabulary?
- o How often does Dhanesh read aloud to an adult?
- Is this low score about lack of practice or another need, such as a specific learning difficulty?
- o Is he reading age-appropriate material?

#### Next steps

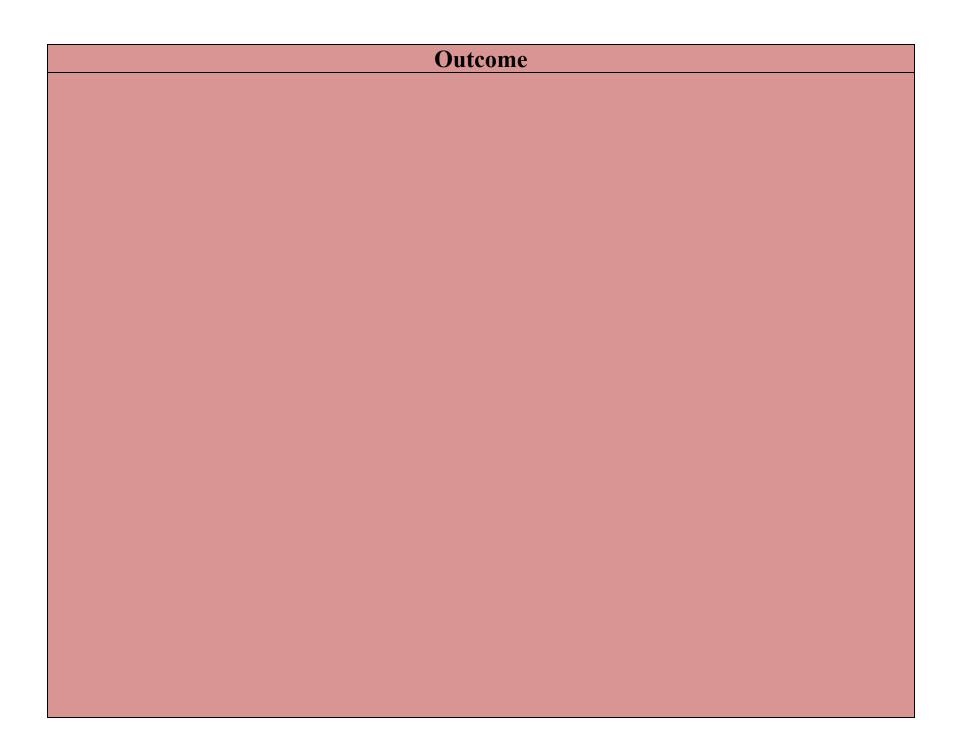
#### You need:

- ☐ To listen to him read to observe his reading **fluency** and use of **decoding** strategies
- ☐ You need to understand his level of **comprehension**
- ☐ Gain insight into his **well being**
- ☐ Is there a difference between his reading and **cognitive abilities** that may suggest **indications of dyslexia**?

#### Dhanesh may need:

- ☐ A small group/one to one
- □ reading support intervention
- ☐ Regular opportunities to read

- Yousef
- Daniel
- Morvarid



## Reader profile C (SC 1-3 / PC 4)



# Profile description:

Reading is limited by poor vocabulary, syntax and grammar knowledge

## **Student story:**

This is Michel, he is just within age related expectations for his reading comprehension, scoring a stanine 4 for his Passage Comprehension. But his knowledge of vocabulary, syntax and grammar is sitting below age related expectations within stanines 1-3

## **Key questions**

- o What is his reading fluency like?
- o How can you extend his vocabulary knowledge?
- Does he need support in subject-specific vocabulary?
- How often does Michel read age-appropriate texts?
- o Can Michel spot patterns in language?
- o What is his spelling like?
- Are there any signs of a specific learning difficulty?

#### **Next steps**

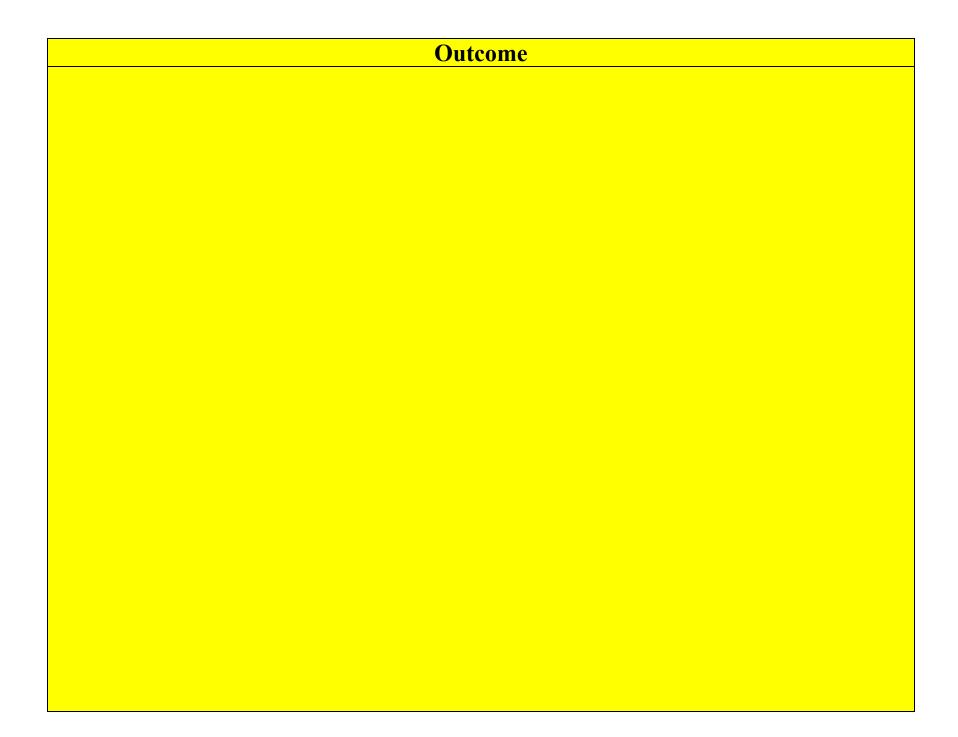
#### You need:

- ☐ To understand his **receptive language**
- ☐ To investigate wider literacy skills including **vocabulary** and **spelling**
- ☐ Understand his cognitive ability
- ☐ To work with colleagues so that support is aligned and further investigation is considered -

#### Michel may need:

- ☐ A **vocabulary** intervention
- ☐ Regular opportunities to read

- Milhan
- Taissiya



## Reader profile D (PC 1-3 / SC 4+)



# Profile description:

Reading is limited by poor comprehension and / or fluency

## Student story:

This is Charlotte. She is able to read with accuracy but is not always able to demonstrate her understanding of the text, often needing extra time to think about her answers to questions. She struggles to read longer texts and then explain what she thinks in timed conditions.

## **Key questions**

- O Does Charlotte read often?
- o Has anyone listened to her read?
- Is her cognitive load being taken up decoding a text, leaving little time to understand it?
- o What is her cultural capital like?

### **Next steps**

#### You need

- ☐ To explore Charlotte's capacity for **comprehension**
- ☐ To listen to her read aloud so you can observe her **reading**speed and fluency
- ☐ Gain insight into her **processing speed**

## **Charlotte may need:**

☐ To be supported through **reading comprehension** intervention



# Reader profile E (SC 1-4 / PC 6+)



# Profile description:

Reading at expected level but skill limited by weaker vocabulary

## Student story:

This is Kaia. The difference between her word reading (SC) and comprehension (PC) suggests she has a 'spikey profile' (a discrepancy of more than 2 stanines). This discrepancy may be affecting her ability to understand and use language to her full potential.

## **Key questions**

- o Does Kaia engage in discussion in lessons?
- o How can she be supported in making links between words i.e. understanding synonyms, antonyms, roots, etymology?
- o Do you have concerns about decoding?
- Do you have concerns specific learning difficulties?

#### **Next steps**

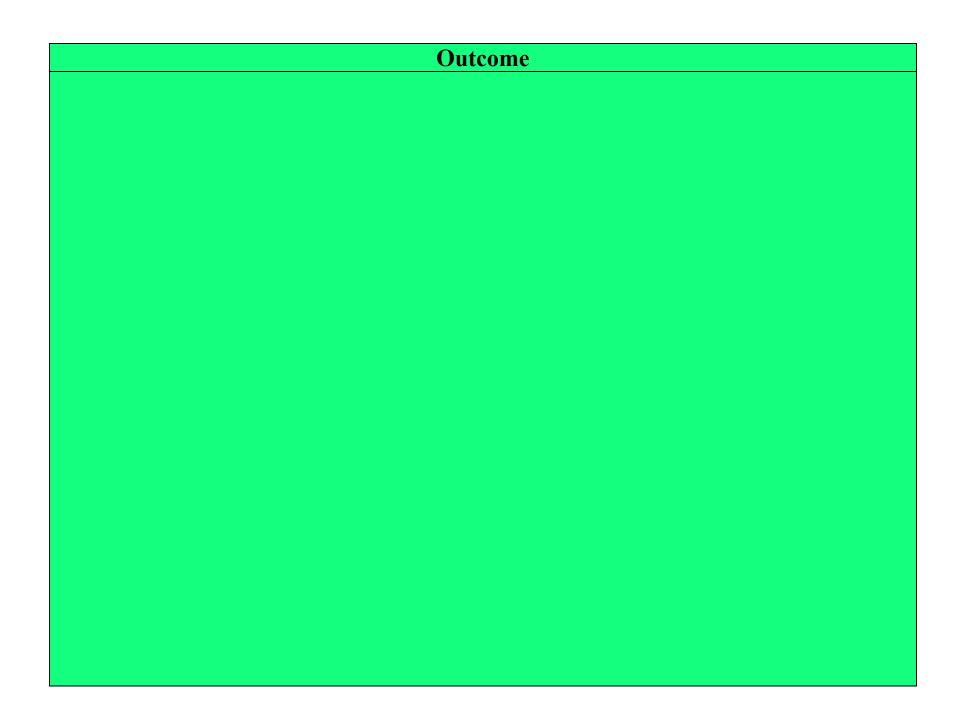
#### You need:

- ☐ To understand her level of **vocabulary** awareness
- □ Explore her literacy skills versus her cognitive
   abilities
- ☐ To work with colleagues so that support is aligned, and further investigation is considered

## Kaia may need:

- ☐ Vocabulary support this could be through high quality teaching rather than an intervention
- ☐ All of her teachers should be aware of how to expose Kaia to high-quality Tier 2 and 3 vocabulary.

- Sheikha
- Rayan
- Eyad



# Reader profile F (SC 6+ PC 4)



# Profile description:

Reading at or above expected level but skill limited by weaker comprehension

## **Student story:**

This is Anisha. She has a 'spikey profile'. She has a good level of vocabulary but struggles to show understanding when she reads and can have difficulties communicating effectively.

# **Key questions**

- How can you use reading stimulus to support Anisha's speech and language needs?
- o How can teachers engage her into conversations about texts?
- o Is Anisha able to read fluently?

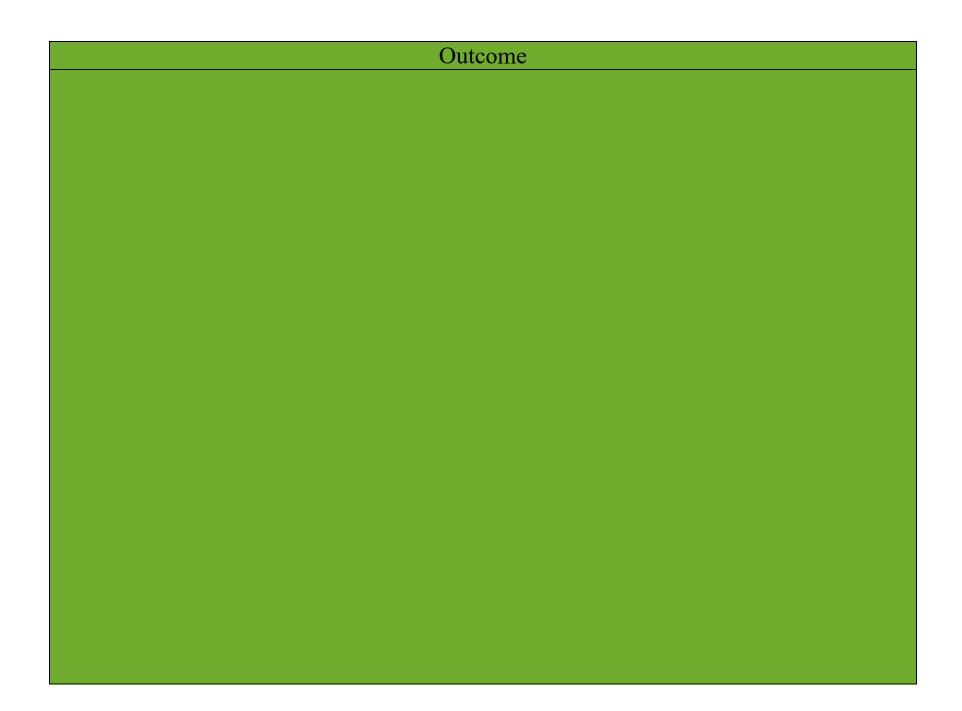
### **Next steps**

#### You need:

- ☐ To understand her level of **reading comprehension**
- ☐ Explore her **expressive language**

### Anisha may need:

- Questioning is key to support development
- ☐ Strategies to support a deeper understanding of texts will help Anisha begin to feel confident in formulating her own ideas



# Reader profile G (SC 4 or 5 / PC 4 or 5)



# Profile description:

Reading within the expected range. Balanced profile

## Student story:

This is Rhian. She has an even profile (SC and PC stanines are aligned). She used to love reading at primary school, but now only reads in school when instructed to do so.

Although she is currently reading where she should be for her age, she is at risk of being 'invisible yet struggling' as she cannot always keep up with what she needs to read in lessons. Without regular practice she could fall behind with her reading.

## **Key questions**

- o What does Rhian like to read?
- o Has anyone listened to her read?
- How can you ensure she engages with a wide choice of age-appropriate texts at school and home?
- How can text choice and discussion extend her cultural capital?

## **Next steps**

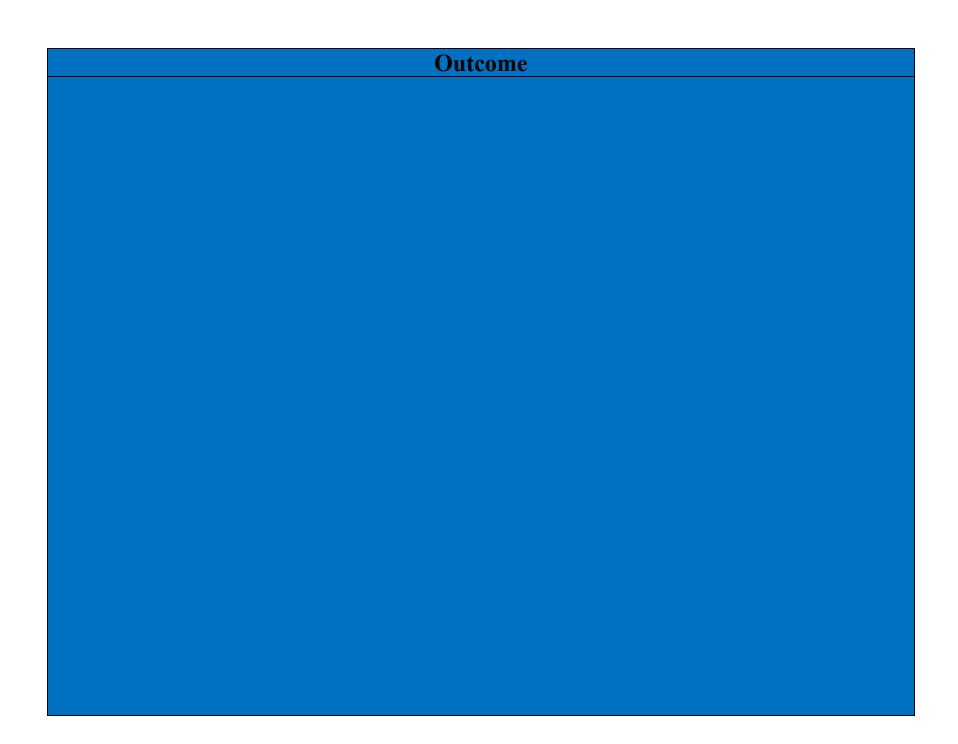
#### You need:

- ☐ Understand her **decoding** and **reading comprehension** skills
- ☐ To support and monitor Rhian's progress in reading so that she remains at age-related expectations
- ☐ To engage her in a positive reading culture
- ☐ To gain insight into her well being

#### Rhian may need:

- ☐ Support to understand and use more adventurous **vocabulary**
- ☐ An intense intervention which allows her to practice key reading skills.

- Hamdan
- Sukhveer



Reader profile H
SC and PC 5+ but with a discrepancy of 2+ stanines with higher PC

## Profile description:

Reading at or above the expected range but skill limited by vocabulary range Student story:

This is Muhammed. He is a good reader but the difference between his word reading (SC) and comprehension (PC) suggests he has a 'spikey profile' (a discrepancy of more than 2 stanines).

His reading is limited by significantly weaker vocabulary and syntax knowledge compared to his comprehension. He reads to learn but does not read for pleasure.

His overall performance may be limited by his 'spikey' profile.

#### **Key questions**

- Are teachers aware of Muhammed's nuance of needs?
- How can you ensure he understands the value in reading beyond the curriculum?
- Would explaining the impact across all his subjects support him to form stronger reading habits?
- o Can you work with him to find out what genre of text he might enjoy?
- Can you set him challenges in his more challenging stanine through AI?
- Is he supported through rich opportunities for conversation?

#### **Next steps**

#### You need:

- ☐ Understand his **receptive vocabulary**
- ☐ Make adaptations for his need in lessons so that he is 'stretched'
- ☐ To work with colleagues so that support is aligned, and further investigation is considered. Are there any **indications of dyslexia**?
- ☐ To gain insight into his **well being**

#### Asmina

| Muhammed may need:  |  |
|---|--|
| <ul> <li>□ To understand what value reading for pleasure holds</li> <li>□ Exposure to high quality texts and vocabulary bank</li> </ul> |  |
|   |  |
|   |  |
|   |  |



Reader profile I
SC and PC 5+ but with a discrepancy of 2+ stanines with lower PC

# Profile description:

Reading at or above expected range but skill limited by comprehension

## **Student story:**

This is Finn. He is a good reader but the difference between his word reading (SC) and comprehension (PC) suggests he has a 'spikey profile' (a discrepancy of more than 2 stanines). His reading is limited by significantly weaker comprehension skills compared to his vocabulary and syntax knowledge.

## **Key questions**

- Are teachers aware of Finn's nuance of needs?
- How can you ensure he understands the value in reading beyond the curriculum?
- Would explaining the impact across all his subjects support him to make better choices?
- o Can you work with him to find out what genre of text he might enjoy?
- Does he engage in conversations about writer's viewpoints and text interpretation?

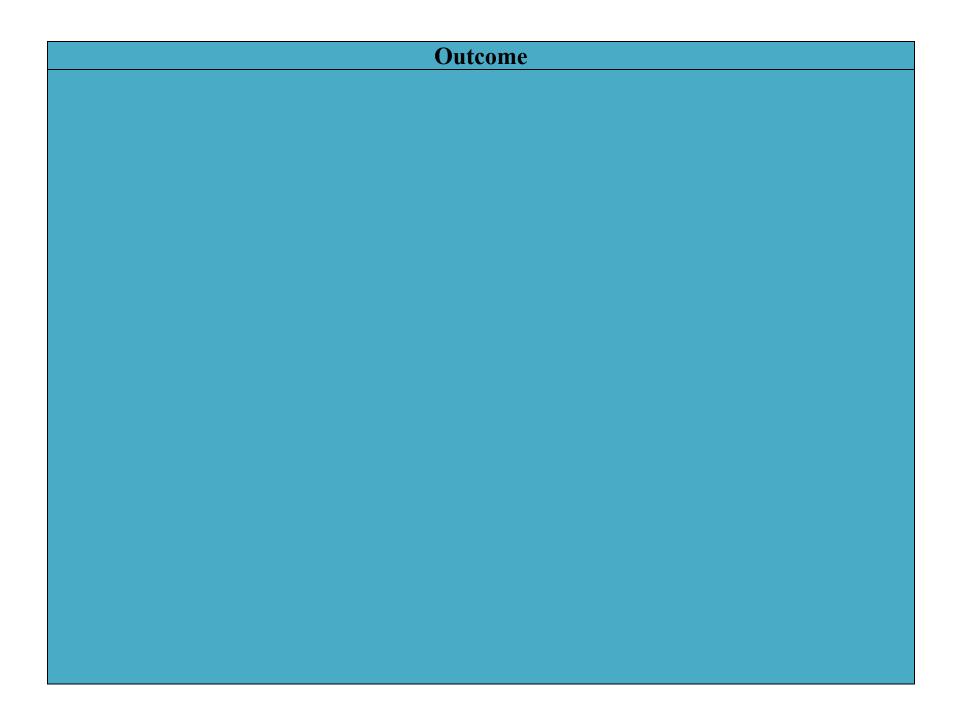
## **Next steps**

#### You need:

- ☐ Understand his **comprehension** skills fully
- ☐ Make adaptations for his need in lessons so that he is 'stretched'
- ☐ To gain insight into his **well being**

- Ahmed
- Myra

| Finn may need:   |  |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>□ To understand what value reading for pleasure holds</li> <li>□ Exposure to high quality texts</li> <li>□ To be confident to engage in challenging questions and discussions in class</li> </ul> |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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## Reader profile J SC/ PC 6+



# Profile description:

Reading at or above expectations. Balanced profile

# **Student story:**

This is Sam. He has a reading mindset. He is a skilled reader with an even profile (SC and PC stanines are aligned). He likes to read in his own time and will provide thoughtful interpretations of texts when questioned. Sam feels empowered by reading and so chooses to read more and more.

## **Key questions**

- How can you ensure that Sam continues to find challenge in what he reads?
- Does Sam choose books outside of his comfort zone or does he read the same kind of texts?
- Can you ensure that Sam is exposed to extended vocabulary that he can use in his speaking and writing?

### **Next steps**

#### You need:

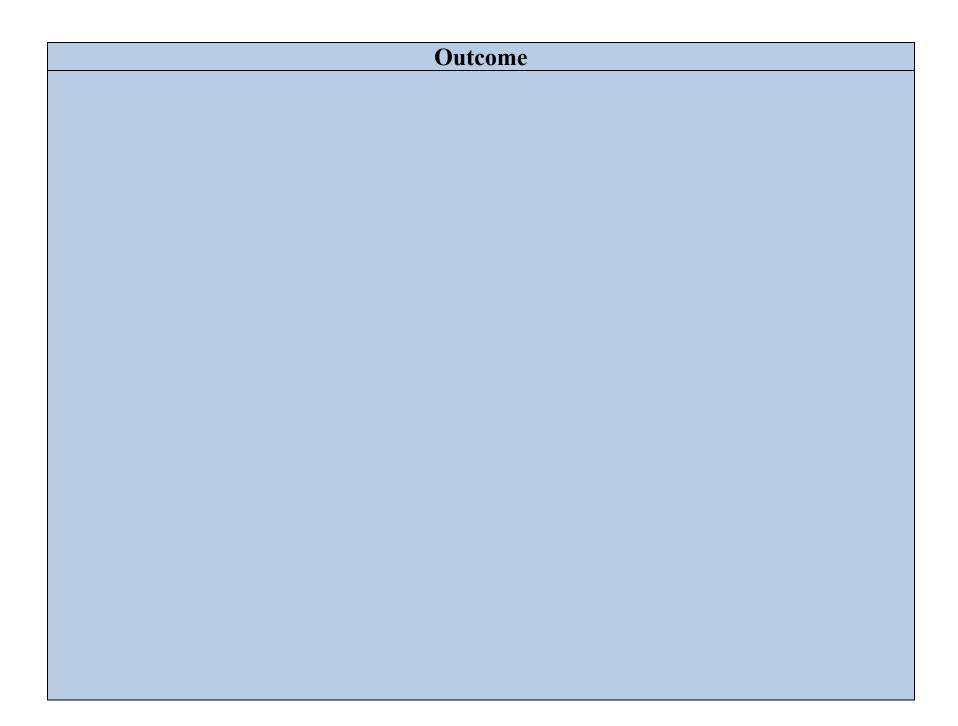
- ☐ Provide varied opportunities to stretch and challenge
- ☐ Provide opportunities for Sam to model reading practice to others within a positive reading culture
- ☐ Foster opportunities to feed his reading mindset

## Sam may need:

☐ Home learning opportunities to stretch and challenge.

- Aiden
- Mohamed Ali
- Inaya
- Mustafa
- Yassin
- Abdul
- Mohammed Rayan
- Judy
- Santiago

|  | ☐ Fun activities linked to a strong reading culture in school will support a lifelong love of reading |  |
|--|---|--|
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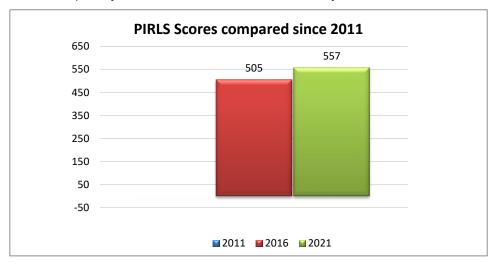
# Deira Private School Year Group Action Plan 2022-23 New Group Reading Test (NGRT)

| Problem<br>(Why?)   | PRIORITISE OBJECTIVES Intervention Description (What?)   | Implementation<br>Activities/Actions (How?)  | Time<br>Frame                             | Success Criteria  | Lead<br>(Who will<br>do?)            |
|---|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|
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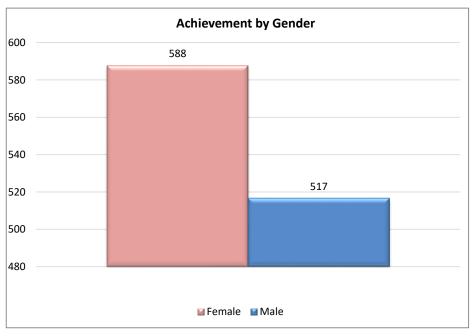
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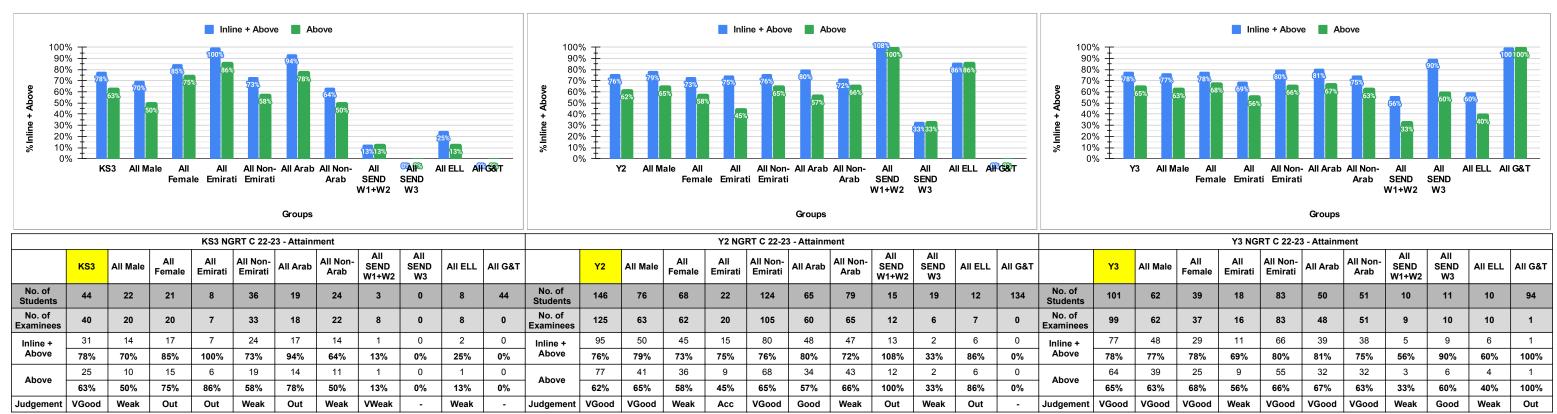
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#### **NGRT C 22-23**

Attainment





#### **NGRT C 22-23**

Attainment

